

## Supplemental Data

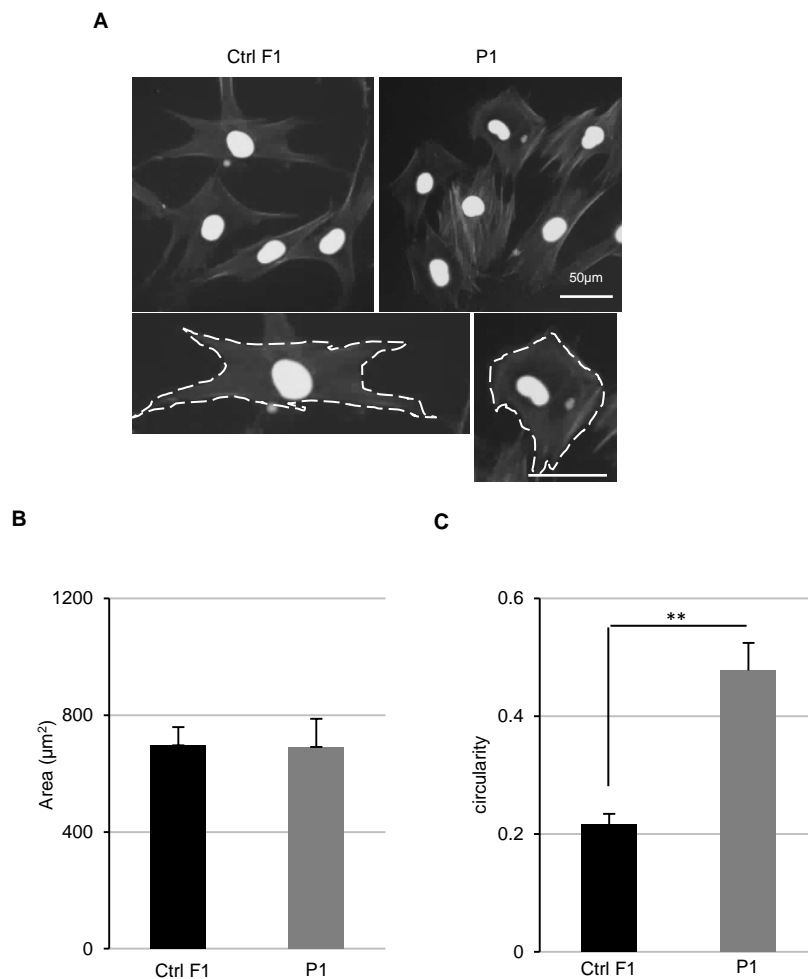
### ***ACTB* Loss-of-Function Mutations**

#### **Result in a Pleiotropic Developmental Disorder**

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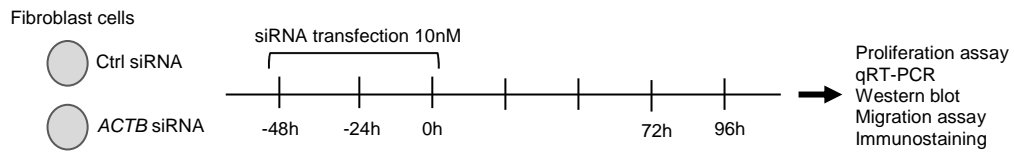
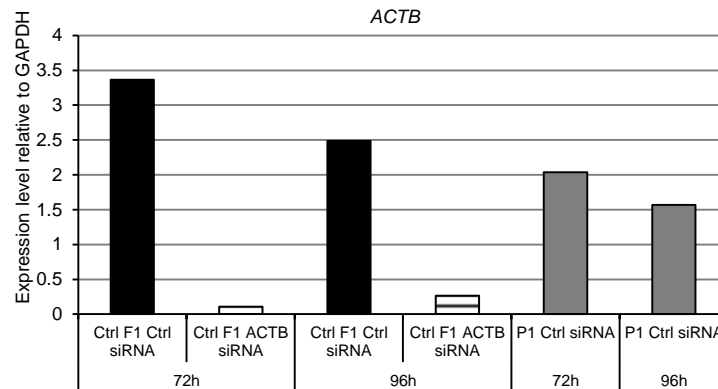
## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

### SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES



**Figure S1: Analysis of fibroblast morphology without being treated with siRNA constructs. (A)**

Immunostaining of fibroblast cells stained for Phalloidin expression and DAPI (Scale bar: 50  $\mu\text{m}$ ; Ctrl F1: control fibroblast, P1: sample from IVa in Table 1). **(B)** Bar chart shows the cell area ( $\mu\text{m}^2$ ) of control or affected individual fibroblast cells transfected with ACTB siRNA or control siRNA. Measurement has been done using ImageJ software. **(C)** Bar chart shows the circularity of control or affected individual fibroblast cells transfected with ACTB siRNA or control siRNA. Measurement has been done using ImageJ software (n=4; \*\* P<0.01). Circularity with a value of 1 indicates a perfect circle. As the value approaches 0, it indicates an increasingly elongated shape.

**A****B**

**Figure S2: Cell transfection protocol and confirmation of *ACTB* knockdown.** (A) Scheme of the protocol used to down-regulate *ACTB* with siRNA. Cells were transduced with 10nM siRNA constructs at -48h, -24h and 0h. Seventy-two and ninety-six hours later, cells were analysed by qRT-PCR, western blot and other down-stream assays. (B) Quantitative RT-PCR analysis of *ACTB* transcript level relative to *GAPDH* in fibroblasts samples transfected with siRNA against *ACTB* or control (Ctrl F1: control fibroblast, P1: sample from IVa).

# SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

Family	Origin	Decipher ID	Deletion coordinates (Hg19)	Size (Mb)
<b>Discovery Cohort</b>				
I	UK	271006	7:5151574-6745570	1.59
II	UK	256348	7: 5370613-6296827	0.93
III	UK	258437	7: 5057992- 5617869	0.56
IV	UK	255897	7: 5587489-6080286	0.49
<b>Validation Cohort</b>				
V	Canada	998	7: 3531608-7167693	3.64
VI	Austria	284613	7: 5592436-8416721	2.82
VII	Italy	254233	7: 3861164-6213355	2.35
VIII	Italy	256546	7: 3861164-5864755	2.00
IX	Spain	-	7: 5105131-6714753	1.61
X	France	268591	7: 5399371-6871084	1.47
XI	Belgium	253773	7: 5370746-6781213	1.41
XII	UK	252339	7: 4778156-5945860	1.17
XIII	Australia	-	7: 5184455-6348344	1.16
XIV	Australia	274371	7: 5151474-6296948	1.15
XV	Belgium	289362	7: 5048743-6146825	1.10
XVI	UK	272915	7: 4861557-5923456	1.06
XVII	Belgium	288265	7: 5233021-5926631	0.69
XVIII	UK	301216	7: 5370613-5925070	0.55
XIX	UK	259191	7: 5241760-5675100	0.43
XX	France	264408	7: 5492967-5864851	0.37
XXI	UK	283142	7: 5548368-5857259	0.31
XXII	Australia	-	7: 5359680-5568627	0.21
XXIII	France	-	7: 5536848-5617875	0.08
<b>Intragenic variants</b>				
XXIV	UK	263884	7: 5567409-5567409; c.1097dupG; p.(Ser368LeufsTer13)	
XXV	UK	267004	7: 5567390; c.1117A>T; p.(Lys373Ter)	
XXVI	Canada	-	NM_001101:exon3: c.329delT; p.(Leu110ArgfsTer10)	

**Table S1: Genotypes of individuals described in this study.**

Gene	Probability of Loss-of-function intolerance (pLI)	Residual Variation Intolerance score p0.1% (percentile)	haploinsufficiency index (HI index %)
<i>ACTB</i>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>-0.67 (16)</b>	<b>1.03</b>
<i>AIMP2</i>	0.00	-0.36 (29)	41.23
<i>ANKRD61</i>	NA	NA	85.91
<i>C7orf26</i>	0.83	-0.34 (31)	56.53
<i>CCZ1</i>	<b>0.99</b>	-0.16 (42)	39.44
<i>CYTH3</i>	0.36	<b>-0.54 (20)</b>	50.20
<i>DAGLB</i>	0.00	0.03 (56)	71.98
<i>EIF2AK1</i>	0.00	0.36 (75)	66.82
<i>FAM220A</i>	0.00	0.89 (89)	96.17
<i>FBXL18</i>	0.00	<b>-0.80 (12)</b>	62.82
<i>FSCN1</i>	0.78	-0.04 (50)	21.98
<i>GRID2IP</i>	0.31	NA	61.05
<i>KDELRL2</i>	0.27	-0.38 (27)	26.59
<i>OCM</i>	0.00	0.44 (78)	46.73
<i>PMS2</i>	0.00	1.48 (95)	59.43
<i>RAC1</i>	0.57	-0.16 (41)	<b>0.72</b>
<i>RBAK</i>	0.01	0 (54)	79.68
<i>RNF216</i>	0.41	<b>-1.19 (6)</b>	36.49
<i>RSPH10B</i>	NA	NA	86.61
<i>SLC29A4</i>	0.00	<b>-0.99 (9)</b>	66.44
<i>TNRC18</i>	<b>1.00</b>	NA	61.51
<i>USP42</i>	<b>1.00</b>	0.52 (80)	78.60
<i>IPI2</i>	0.09	0.13 (63)	47.26
<i>ZDHHC4</i>	0.00	0.78 (87)	79.09
<i>ZNF12</i>	0.55	-0.2 (39)	73.57
<i>ZNF316</i>	NA	NA	NA
<i>ZNF853</i>	0.00	NA	84.37

**Table S2: Scores for intolerance of loss of function and haploinsufficiency for protein coding genes located on human chromosome 7p22.1.**

We compiled the LoF intolerance (pLI) score<sup>1</sup> from <http://exac.broadinstitute.org/>; Residual Variation Intolerance score (RVIS)<sup>2</sup> from <http://genic-intolerance.org/> and haploinsufficiency index (HI)<sup>3</sup> from DECIPHER. All resources were accessed on 03/04/2017 (NA, Data not available; pLi>0.9; RVIS percentile of <20; and HI of <20 are highlighted in bold).

Gene name	Aggregate FPKM values						
	P2	P4	Mean <sub>P</sub>	C1	C2	Mean <sub>C</sub>	Mean <sub>P</sub> /Mean <sub>C</sub>
<b>G1-phase</b>							
<i>CCND1</i>	3.9	8.0	6.0	0.5	0.6	0.5	11.1
<b>S-phase</b>							
<i>ABL1</i>	18.6	24.7	21.7	19.7	14.7	17.2	1.3
<i>CDC6</i>	4.1	15.0	9.5	23.0	10.8	16.9	0.6
<i>MCM2</i>	42.8	71.1	57.0	110.2	68.1	89.1	0.6
<i>MCM3</i>	32.8	57.1	45.0	87.5	77.7	82.6	0.5
<i>MCM4</i>	16.6	51.0	33.8	81.4	42.3	61.9	0.5
<i>MCM5</i>	57.6	76.5	67.1	166.0	142.6	154.3	0.4
<i>WEE1</i>	11.0	21.3	16.2	18.9	13.8	16.4	1.0
<b>G2-phase</b>							
<i>ANAPC2</i>	14.2	19.9	17.0	30	21.7	25.9	0.7
<i>BCCIP</i>	52.2	64.8	58.5	73.4	57.1	65.2	0.9
<i>BIRC5</i>	16.5	31.3	23.9	56.7	44.1	50.4	0.5
<i>CCNB1</i>	22.3	52.5	37.4	81.0	59.0	70.0	0.5
<i>CDK5RAP1</i>	14.0	12.5	13.3	17.6	57.6	37.6	0.4
<i>CDKN3</i>	23.7	23.7	23.7	59.7	70.7	65.2	0.4
<i>CKS1B</i>	8.6	8.6	8.6	16.4	19.9	18.1	0.5
<i>CKS2</i>	47.4	80.1	63.8	162.0	195.3	178.7	0.4
<i>GTSE1</i>	7.4	15.1	11.3	26.8	33.2	30.0	0.4
<i>KPNA2</i>	59.5	124.5	92.0	145.4	103.3	124.4	0.7
<i>MNAT1</i>	35.0	54.6	44.8	77.8	78.7	78.2	0.6

**Table S3: Comparison of aggregate FPKM values in control and affected individual LCLs for genes expressed in G1, S and G2 phases of the cell cycle.**

P2 is from XI, P4 is from XXII in Table 1 (FPKM, Fragments Per Kilobase of transcript per Million mapped reads).

## SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCES

1. Lek, M., Karczewski, K.J., Minikel, E.V., Samocha, K.E., Banks, E., Fennell, T., O'Donnell-Luria, A.H., Ware, J.S., Hill, A.J., Cummings, B.B. et al. (2016). Analysis of protein-coding genetic variation in 60,706 humans. *Nature*. 536, 285–91.
2. Petrovski, S., Wang, Q., Heinzen, E.L., Allen, A.S., Goldstein, D.B. (2013). Genic intolerance to functional variation and the interpretation of personal genomes. *PLOS Genet*. 9, e1003709.
3. Huang, N., Lee, I., Marcotte, E.M., Hurles, M.E. (2010). Characterising and predicting haploinsufficiency in the human genome. *PLoS Genet*. 6, e1001154.